PARIS21 2007–2010 Logical Framework

(revised June 2008)

Narrative Summary	Objectively Verifiable Indicators	Means of Verification	Assumptions/ Risks
Partnership Goal:			
- Develop a culture of evidence-based policy making and implementation which serves to improve governance and government effectiveness in reducing poverty and achieving the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).	- Demonstrable increase in the use of policy relevant statistics to manage for development results and aid effectiveness (measured every 3-5 years against a 2006/07 baseline)	- UNSG's annual report on progress to UN General Assembly - Reports on follow-up to Roundtables on Managing for Development Results and Paris Declaration on Aid Effectiveness, including progress towards indicator/ target no. 11 to "Reduce the proportion of countries without transparent and monitorable performance assessment frameworks by one-third"	*(Goal to Super-Goal)* - Better policies based on the better use of better statistics contribute to achieving the objectives of the national development policy and the MDGs
Partnership Purpose:			
- Statistical information is used by PARIS21 partners to inform development policy decisions and to manage their implementation	- Increased use and analysis of statistics in policy documents (measured every 3-5 years, when documents can be compared with their 2006/07 equivalents)	- Analysis of national policy documents such as Poverty Reduction Strategies/ Papers (PRS/Ps) and MDG Country Reports compared with their 2006/07 equivalents - Analysis of donor country assistance strategies compared with their 2006/07 equivalents	- The availability and use of improved statistics leads to better economic and social development policies and better management for results
Partnership Outcomes and Outputs:			

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National and international statistical programmes of each PARIS21 Partner:			- Increased investment leads to better statistics that meet the needs of policy makers and analysts
1. Are centred on designing and implementing NSDSs	- Increase in number of countries who have (a) designed; and (b) are implementing NSDSs	- Annual PARIS21 progress report will show trend of NSDS design and implementation - Peer reviews and NSDS Check List will provide a check on quality	- Statistics integrated into national development policy processes; and funded through national budget frameworks, incorporating donor support - Development assistance programmes based on sound national data for greater aid effectiveness and efficiency
2. Are well coordinated across NSSs and between governments and donors	- Percentage of technical cooperation flows that are implemented through coordinated programmes consistent with national development strategies	- Development partner reporting system (PRESS) - Annual PARIS21 progress report for other aspects of coordination	
3. Build statistical capacity	- Improved capacities to produce, analyse and use statistics in countries	- Statistical capacity indicators (World Bank) compared with 2006/07 - Annual PARIS21 progress reports	
4. Provide better statistics for immediate priority needs	- Strengthened national data available on the MDGs by 2010	- Inter-Agency and Expert Group on MDG indicators (e.g. DFID has a target for internal purposes to "Increase the number of countries by 4% each year, with at least 2 data points, (excluding modelled data by agency) for seven of the MDG indicators")	

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Secretariat Activities and Outputs:			
Regional Programmes: Facilitate successful implementation of NSDSs in low-income countries in Africa, the Arab States, Asia and the Pacific, and Latin America; incorporating NSDS country reporting.			
▪ Facilitate successful country events and regional workshops; and strengthen regional and country partnership ▪ Organise successful peer reviews ▪ Comprehensive reports on country progress with NSDS and statistical development	▪ Number and quality of events held and joint partner missions to countries ▪ 4 per annum successful peer reviews organised ▪ Comprehensive annual report on NSDS global and country progress	▪ Feed-back forms from participants ▪ Feedback from host countries and reviewers ▪ Annual report on progress of partnership	- Recommendations and follow-up lead to strengthened and better co-ordinated statistical programmes.
Advocacy: Facilitate effective design and implementation of advocacy tools and messages to reach out to the various stakeholder groups.			
▪ Develop and deliver PARIS21 advocacy strategy, messages, materials, interviews, and events adapted to audiences ▪ Roll out effective country advocacy tool kits to help countries develop and implement their own advocacy strategies	▪ Advocacy messages and delivery mechanisms/ tools developed in line with PARIS21 advocacy strategy ▪ Country Advocacy Toolkit developed and 10 countries helped to design, implement and monitor impact of advocacy strategies	▪ Number of leaflets printed and distributed; feedback from countries is positive ▪ Number of countries assisted; positive feedback on advocacy impact from countries	- Advocacy messages are heard and acted upon
Partnership: Engage an expanded partnership in NSDSs at country level including through activities at regional and international level; incorporating development partner reporting.			
▪ Expand engagement by the wider PARIS21 partnership ▪ Hold effective Consortium meeting held involving broad representation	▪ PARIS21 website developed and information notes distributed; comprehensive, up-to-date calendar of events ▪ 80 participants from developing countries participate, balanced by OECD countries, regional and international organisations, and research/ analysis community endorse way forward for partnership	▪ 5 to 10 % increase in hits on PARIS21 website achieved and maintained ▪ Meeting reports and evaluation sheets ▪ High quality background report produced for Consortium meeting	- Partnership activities lead to strengthened and better co-ordinated partnership programmes.

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▪ PARIS21 members and agenda represented in partner events	▪ Participation of developing country managers at international events	▪ Numbers, representation and engagement of participants at PARIS21 and international events	
▪ Agreed donor reporting system that is regularly updated	▪ Report on donor support to statistical development	▪ Coverage of partner reporting system	
Studies and Knowledge Development: Effective knowledge base on statistical development and strategic planning issues supports NSDS implementation.			
▪ Develop the PARIS21 knowledge base in response to identified needs ▪ Produce studies relating to NSDS processes, national statistical development, and financial and technical support ▪ Task Teams provide a forum for discussing specific issues relating to statistical development and harmonising statistical capacity building activities, e.g. on training and sub-national statistics.	▪ 20 to 40 new materials loaded into database ▪ 5 new studies produced and disseminated ▪ Effective task team outputs and meeting reports ▪ Work mainstreamed into Secretariat work programme	▪ Number of new materials and studies; how many distributed ▪ Feedback from reviewers ▪ Steering Committee feedback on quality and relevance	